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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/437,004	11/09/1999	STEPHEN CREANEY	1749/261	7396
826	7590 04/16/2004		EXAMINER	
ALSTON &	BIRD LLP	BELLO, AGUSTIN		
BANK OF A	MERICA PLAZA			
101 SOUTH TRYON STREET, SUITE 4000 CHARLOTTE, NC 28280-4000			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2633	18
			DATE MAILED: 04/16/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
***	09/437,004	CREANEY ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Agustin Bello	2633				
The MAILING DATE of this communication						
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR F THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 of after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicati  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, mon. , a reply within the statutory minimum operiod will apply and will expire SIX (6) statute, cause the application to become	ay a reply be timely filed  of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  ne ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on	13 February 2004.					
2a)⊠ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)□ This action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are pending in the applica						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction a	and/or election requirement	•				
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exa	miner.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection t	o the drawing(s) be held in ab	eyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fo	reign priority under 35 U.S.	C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
<ol> <li>Certified copies of the priority docu</li> </ol>	ments have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority docu						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the		een received in this National Stage				
application from the International B	, ,,,					
* See the attached detailed Office action for	a list of the certified copies	not received.				
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (DTO 902)						
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94)</li> </ol>	4) ∐ Intervi 8) Paper	ew Summary (PTO-413) No(s)/Mail Date				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5B/08) 5) 🔲 Notice	e of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)				
.s. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04) Off	ice Action Summary	Part of Paper No./Mail Date 18				

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1, 4, and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Olsen (U.S. Patent No. 5,623,355).

Regarding claim 1, Olsen teaches a data communication link comprising a data transmitter station (reference numeral 10 in Figure 2) coupled by an optical communication channel (reference numeral 36 in Figure 2) to a data receiver station (reference numeral 14 in Figure 2), wherein the data transmitter station includes a multi-power-level optical source (reference numeral 34 in Figure 2 which produces at least two different power levels, L\_on and L\_off in Figure 3) connected to receive data words of n digital bits (column 3 lines 27-32) and arranged to encode different value bits (e.g. "1" and "0") of each word into different power levels (e.g. power level L\_on for bit value of 1 and power level L\_off for bit value of 0; column 3 lines 45-47) of a single signal (reference numeral 34 in Figure 2) having m optical power levels (e.g. L\_on and L\_off in Figure 3), the multi-power-level output signal (reference numeral 34 in Figure 2) of the optical source being transmitted along the optical communications channel (reference numeral 36 in Figure 2) to the data receiver station (reference numeral 14 in Figure 2), said data receiver station including a data-decoding receiver (reference numeral 22, 38 in Figure 2) arranged to receive and decode said multi-power level single signal into n bit digital words



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(e.g. "Data\_out" in Figure 2), and wherein said receiver station further comprises a received-signal condition monitor (reference numeral 16 in Figure 2) coupled by a control channel (reference numeral 20 in Figure 2) to a control device (reference numeral 18 in Figure 2) located in the data transmitter station (reference numeral 10 in Figure 2), said condition monitor being arranged to sense the level of a predetermined characteristic (e.g. "error rate" column 3 lines 6-17) of the signal received by the data-decoding receiver and consequently to transmit a control signal (column 3 lines 6-17) along the control channel (reference numeral 20 in Figure 2) to the control device (reference numeral 18 in Figure 2), said control device (reference numeral 18 in Figure 2) being adapted to control the power output of the optical source consistent with achieving a predetermined sensed level of said predetermined characteristic (column 3 lines 15-32).

Regarding claim 4, Olsen teaches a data communication link as claimed in claim 1, wherein the control channel is any of a serial binary digital optical channel; a parallel binary digital optical channel; a serial binary digital electrical channel; a parallel binary digital electrical channel; a serial multilevel digital electrical channel; a parallel multilevel digital electrical channel; or an analog electrical channel (column 3 lines 11-15).

Regarding claim 6, Olsen teaches a data communication link as claimed in claim 1, wherein the optical source is a laser (column 2 lines 51-55) or an LED and the drive current supplied to the optical source is tailored to the characteristics of the source by individually adjusting the current drive levels (column 4 lines 4-21) such that each of the optical power levels is sufficiently separated from the levels above and below it (e.g. power level L\_on for bit value of 1 and power level L\_off for bit value of 0 seen in Figure 3) for the receiver to quantise each

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level and maintain an adequate bit error rate (column 4 lines 47-57), thus accommodating nonlinear source output power versus drive current characteristics.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Olsen in view of Roulett (U.S. Patent No. 4,399,566).

Regarding claim 2, Olsen differs from the claimed invention in that Olsen fails to specifically teach that the predetermined characteristic is the DC level or the average optical power level of the signal received by the receiver, the sensed level being compared against a control or reference level to establish a difference and the arrangement is such that the control signal attempts to null that difference or a least to keep the difference within narrow predetermined limits. However, use of the claimed predetermined characteristic as a means for laser power control is well known in the art. Roulett, in the same field of endeavor, teaches it is well known in the art to use a predetermined characteristic such as the DC level or the average optical power level of the signal received by the receiver (column 3 lines 56-58), the sensed level being compared against a control or reference level (column 3 lines 58-64) to establish a difference (inherent in the function of the comparator) and the arrangement is such that the control signal attempts to null that difference or a least to keep the difference within narrow predetermined limits (column 3 lines 65-68). One skilled in the art would have been motivated

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to use the predetermined level according to the method of Roulett in the device of Olsen in order to establish and maintain a preferred average optical power for the laser diode. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to use the predetermined level according to the method of Roulett in the device of Olsen.

5. Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Olsen in view of Jackson (U.S. Patent No. 5,345,230).

Regarding claim 3, Olsen teaches that in the event of a difference in the signal transmitted and received the control signal is arranged to increase or decrease the power output of the transmitter in order to reduce the error (column 3 lines 18-23), but differs from the claimed invention in that Olsen fails to specifically teach that the predetermined characteristic is the individual bit content of a multibit test word transmitted at preselected times with the condition monitor being preprogrammed with the bits of the test word against which the individual bits of the transmitted test word are compared. However, use of the claimed predetermined characteristic as a means for error determination is well known in the art. Jackson, in the same field of endeavor, teaches it is well known in the art to use a predetermined characteristic such as the individual bit content of a multibit test word transmitted at preselected times while having a condition monitor preprogrammed with the bits of the test word against which the individual bits of the transmitted test word are compared (column 7 lines 45-63). One skilled in the art would have been motivated to employ the error determining method disclosed by Jackson in the device of Olsen in order to compare a known test sequence with a transmitted test sequence, thereby providing increased accuracy in determining errors. Therefore, it would have been obvious to

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one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to employ the error determining method disclosed by Jackson in the device of Olsen.

6. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Olsen.

Regarding claim 5, Olsen fails to specifically teach that the bandwidth of the optical channel is the same as or greater than that of the control channel. However, Olsen suggests as much in that Olsen refers to the control command as "a simple control command" (column 5 lines 45-48) and further since Figure 2 of Olsen shows a much wider signal for the optical channel than the control channel. Furthermore, one skilled in the art would have been motivated to include a greater bandwidth for the optical channel than for the control channel in order to reduce the overall complexity and expense of the system. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to provide a bandwidth of the optical channel that is the same as or greater than that of the control channel in the system of Olsen.

#### Conclusion

- 7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Kinsel, Takamatsu, Wedding, and Nakamaya teach relevant art.
- 8. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period

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will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Agustin Bello whose telephone number is (703)308-1393. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jason Chan can be reached on (703)305-4729. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

AB

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